Case 1

· Name:高XX

• Gender: Female

• Age: 42

• First visit: 95.06.08

Chief complaint
Referred from LDC
due to a radiolucent
lesion over left

mandible

Present Illness

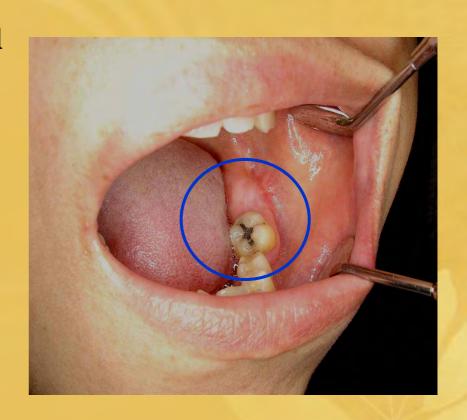
This 42 y/o female suffered from toothache over upper left posterior area for 1 day and she came to LDC for treatment. After x-ray examination, an abnormal image over left mandible was found, and then she was referred to OS OPD. According to patients's statement, she felt pain over left mandible when palpation. The symptom lasted for a period of time.

Past History

- Past medical history
 - 1. Systemic disease: Denied
 - 2. Hospitalization: Nil
 - 3. Drug allergy: Denied
- Past dental history : NP
- Oral habits: A (+), B (-), C (-)
- Family history: NP

Intra-oral Findings

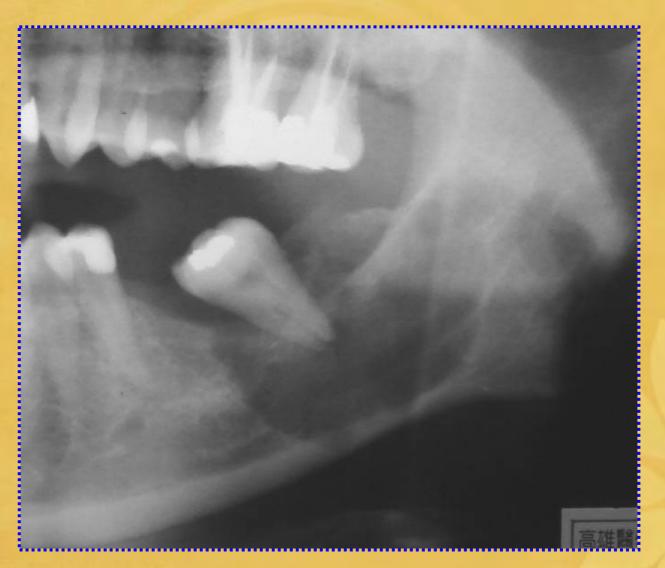
- Mild buccal & lingual bony expansion over tooth 37 and retromolar area
 - 1. Dimension: 3x2 cm
 - 2. Color: pink
 - 3. Covering mucosa: intact
 - 4. Pain (-)
 - 5. Tenderness (+)
 - 6. Induration (-)
 - 7. Vitality of 37 (+)
 - 8. Numbness of left lower lip(-)



X-ray Findings -- Panorex



X-ray Findings -- Panorex



Treatment Course

95.06.08

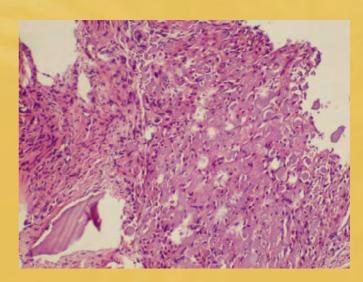
Clinical impression— ameloblastoma, left mandible Incisional biopsy, sent for histopathological exam.

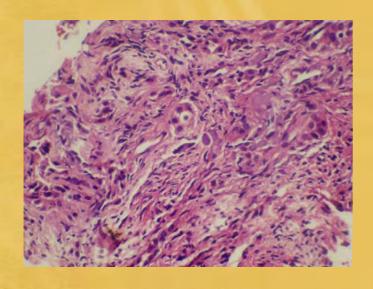
95.08.04Hospitalization and OP

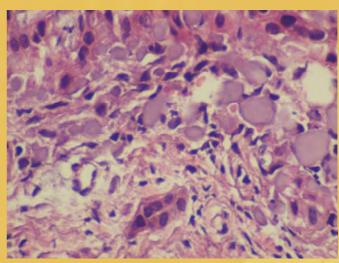
Microscopic Examination -- 1

Odontogenic epithelial islands

Amyloid-like deposition



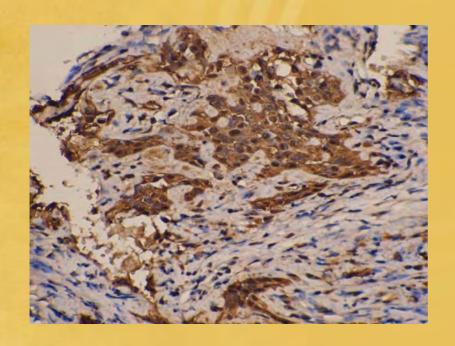


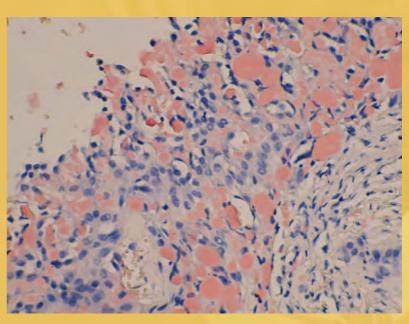


Immunohistochemical Stain

Cytokeratin (+)

Congo red (+), amyloid indicated





HP Report – Incisional

Odontogenic tumor, suggestive of calcifying epithelial odontogenic tumor

Bone, Mandible, Left, Incision

Final Diagnosis

 Calcifying epithelial odontogenic tumor (Pindborg's tumor)

Bone, Mandible, Left, Excision

