

Case Report

D93 Intern K

組員:蘇韋豪 張竣逸 張峰銘

塗豐鈞 梅村光志

指導老師:

林立民教授 陳玉昆主任 王文岑醫師

General Data

Name: 江吳○明

• Gender : Female

• Age:54歲

Occupation:無

Attending VS:

謝天渝醫師

• First visit: 98.7.13



Chief Complaint

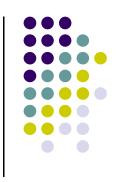
 Swelling over right face and bilateral preauricular area for 2~3 years







Present Illness



 This 54 year old female patient has suffered from swelling masses over right face and bilateral pre-auricular area for 2~3 years. She ever went to 高榮 for help and the doctor referred her to our OPD for further examination and treatment (原因不明).

Past History

- Past Medical History
 - → DM : under medicine control for 8 years
 - → HT: under medicine control for 8 years
 - → Drug allergy: denied
 - → Hospitalization: thrombocytopenia
- Past Dental History
 - → Routine dental treatment
 - → Upper and lower complete denture
 - → Attitude : co-operative

Risk Factors

- Alcohol : (-)
- Betel quid : (-)
- Smoking : (-)
- Other special oral habits: (-)







Site	Right mild face
Size	5.9×4.5 cm
Shape	Dome
Color	Ecchymotic
Consistency	Firm
Fluctuation	
Mobility	Fixed
Pain	_
Tenderness	_
Induration	+



Site	Right pre- and intra-auricular region
Size	5.1×3.0 cm
Shape	Dome
Color	Normal
Consistency	Firm
Fluctuation	—
Mobility	Fixed
Pain	_
Tenderness	
Induration	+



•••

Site	Left pre-auricular region
Size	5.0×4.0 cm
Shape	Dome
Color	Normal
Consistency	Firm
Fluctuation	_
Mobility	Fixed
Pain	_
Tenderness	
Induration	+



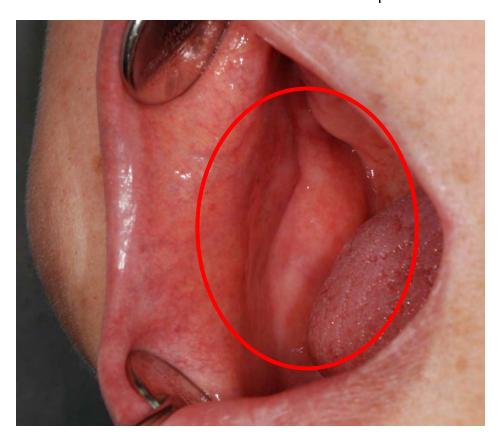
Site	Right submandi bular area
Size	6.5×3.5 cm
Shape	Dome
Color	Normal
Consistency	Firm
Fluctuation	_
Mobility	Fixed
Pain	_
Tenderness	
Induration	+
Lymphadenopathy	+





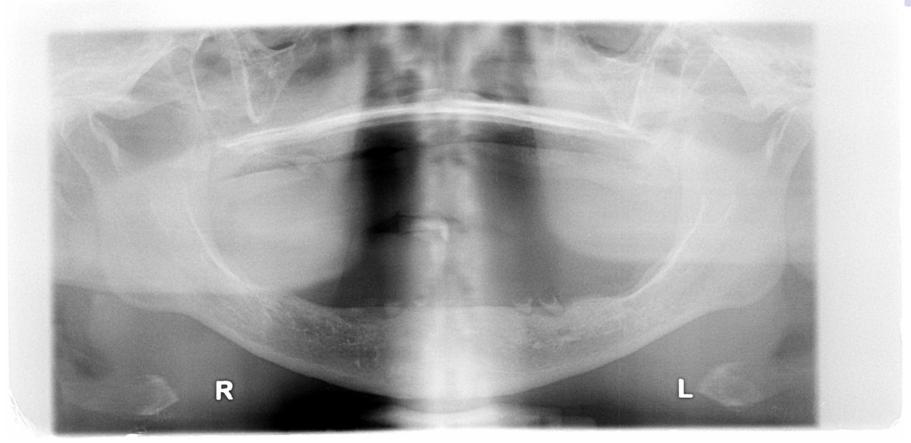


Site	Right buccal mucosa
Size	6.0×2.0 cm
Surface	Smooth
Base	Sessile
Shape	Dome
Color	Normal
Consistency	Firm
Fluctuation	_
Mobility	Fixed
Pain	_
Tenderness	
Induration	+



X-ray finding





R.R: 16,34,35,42,43,45

Missing: 11,12,13,14,15,17,18,21,22,23,24,25,26,27,28,31,32,33,36,37,38,41,44,

46,47,48

Bony density: normal

Condyle and sinus: normal

Others: resorption of edentulous ridge, no other special finding.

CT finding-axial view

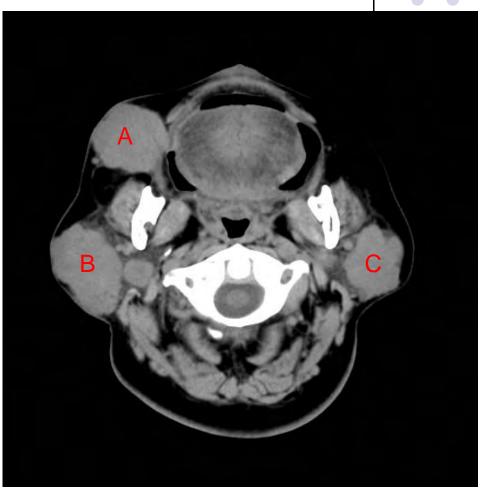


There are 4 round well-defined homogenerous enlarged mass, A and B located at right side:

A is at right buccal space, size is measured approximately 5x5 cm in dismeter.

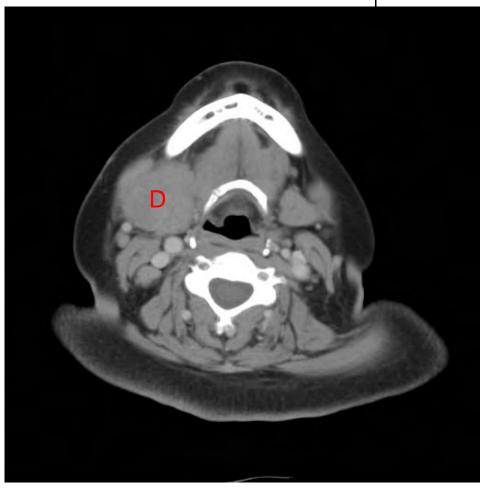
B is at right parotid gland, Size is measured approximately 5X7 cm.

C located at left side :
C is at left parotid gland,
Size is measured approximately 4X4 cm.

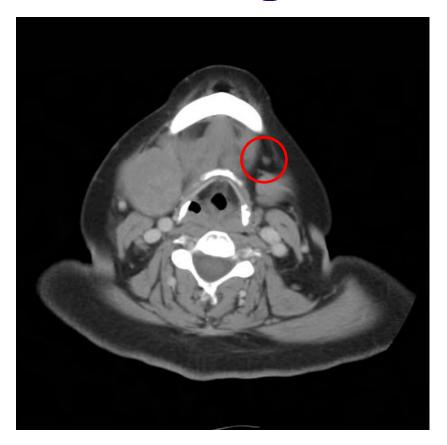


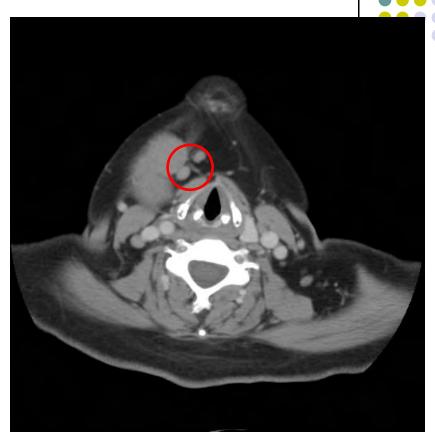
CT finding-axial view

D located at right side
D is at submandibular glands,
Size is measured approximately 5X5
cm in diameter.



CT finding-axial view

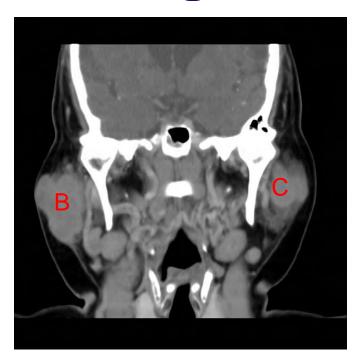




0.5X0.5cm 1X1cm

Level 1b Lymphadenopathy.

CT finding-coronal view



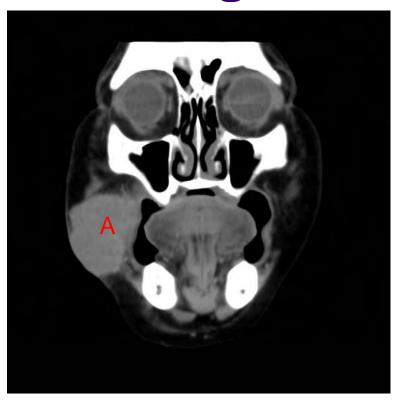


Swelling mass B is located at right side, round shaped, extending from condyle neck to mandibular angle, and from ascending ramus to skin, measured about 5X6 cm in diameter.

Swelling mass C is located at left side, round shaped, extending from condyle neck to mandibular angle, and from ascending ramus to skin, measured about 4X5 cm in diameter.

C is higher than B, difference is about 1.5 cm.

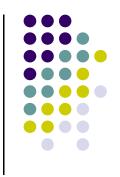
CT finding-coronal view





Swelling mass A is at right side, round shaped, extending from buccinator muscle to skin, and from zygomatic arch to lower cheek. Measured about 5X5 cm.

Swelling mass C is at left side, irregular shaped, extending from lower margin of mandible to platysma muscle, and from hypoglossal muscle to platysma muscle, measured about 5 X5 cm.

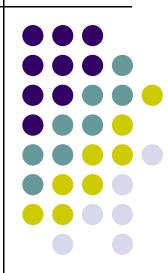


- Inflammation?
- Cyst?
- Neoplasm?
- Oral maxillofacial manifestation related to systemic disease



- Fever or local heat: (-)
- Pain: (-)
- Swelling: (+)
- Purulent drainage: (-)
- Consistency: firm
- Mobility: fixed
- Fluctuation :(-)

Neoplasm and Oral maxillofacial manifestation related to systemic disease



Neoplasm Benign/Malignant?



- Fixed
- No ulceration to skin or mucosa
- Slow growth
- Long duration

Benign tumor

- No pain
- Induration
- demarcated margin in CT finding

Working diagnosis



- Neoplasm
- Warthin tumor
- 2. Pleomorphic adenoma
- Basal cell adenoma
- Oral maxillofacial manifestation related to systemic disease
- 1. Sjőgren syndrome (primary)
- 2. Sialadenosis
- Sarcoidosis



Differential augmosis



	Warthin tumor	Our case
Gender	Male:Female ≒ 10:1 (But recently 1:1)	Female
Age	Older adults	54 y/o
Site	Parotid gland, mandibular angle, bilateral	Parotid gland and submandibular gland
Pain	(-)	. (-)
Growing	Slowly	Slowly
Consistency	Firm	Firm

Warthin tumor







OUR CASE

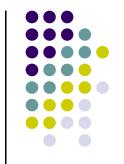


	Pleomorphic adenoma	Our case
Gender	Female > Male (slightly)	Female
Age	Any age	54 y/o
	(30~50 is the most common)	
Site	Parotid gland (53%~77%)	Parotid gland and
	Submandibular gland (44~68%)	submandibular
	Minor gland (38~43%)	gland
Pain	(-)	(-)
Growing	Slowly	Slowly
Consistency	Firm	Firm





Pleomorphic adenoma



Basal cell adenoma

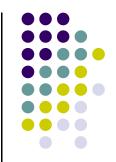
	Basal cell adenoma	Our case
Gender	2:1(female-to-male ratio)	Female
Age	Any age (most common in middle-aged and older adults)	54 y/o
Site	Parotid gland (75%) Minor salivary gland (25%)	Parotid gland and submandibular gland
Pain	(-)	(-)
Growing	Chronic	Slowly
Consistency	Firm	Firm

BASAL CELL ADENOMA







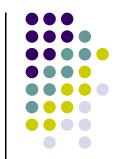


Sjögren syndrome (primary)

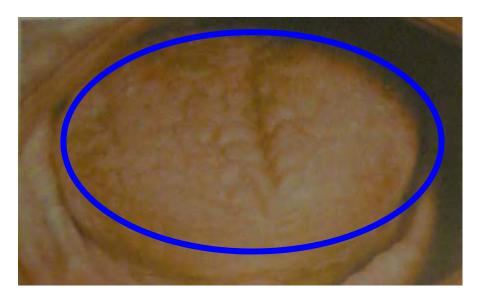
	Sjőgren syndrome (primary)	Our case
Gender	80~90% in female	Female
Age	Middle-aged adult	54 y/o
Site	Major salivary gland Usually bilateral	Parotid gland and submandibular gland
Pain	Nonpainful or slightly tender	(-)
Growing	Slowly	Slowly

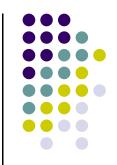


Sjögren syndrome (primary)

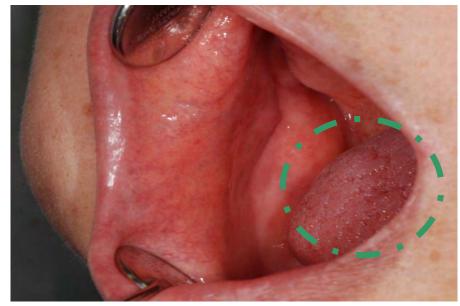






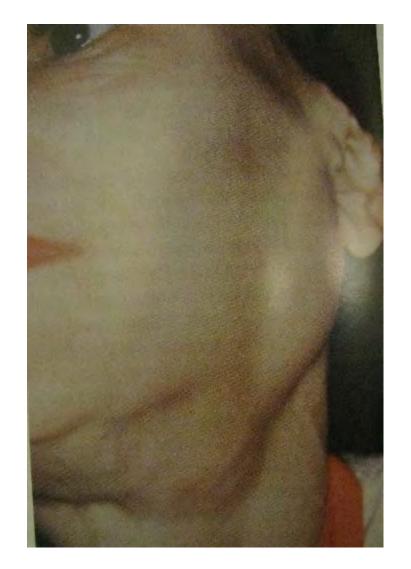


Sjögren syndrome (primary)





	Sialadenosis	Our case
Gender	No particular	Female
Age	Between 20y/o~60y/o	54 y/o
Site	Salivary gland, particularly involving parotid gland, usually bilatral	Parotid gland and submandibular gland
Pain	May painful or not	(-)
Growing	Slowly	Slowly
Cause	Endocrine ,nutritional ,neurogenic medication	





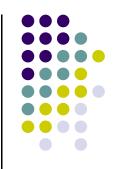




Sarcoidosis

	Sarcoidosis	Our case
Gender	Male > Female	Female
Age	Between 20~40 years of age	54 y/o
Site	Mouth floor extend to salivary gland	Parotid gland and submandibular gland
Pain	(-)	(-)
Glowing	Slowly	Slowly
Consistency	Firm	Firm

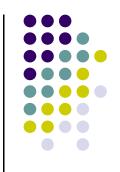
SARCOIDOSIS







Final diagnosis

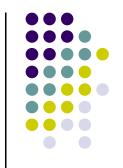


Neoplasm

Warthin tumor

 Oral maxillofacial manifestation related to systemic disease

Sjögren syndrome (primary)



Thanks for your attention~!