#### Case report

#### 報告日期:97.09.29 指導老師:林立民 陳玉昆 王文岑 陳靜怡 組員: Intern E組 曹博竣 張家禎 黃華卿 沈明萱

## General data

- Name: 吳XX
- Gender :女
- Age:15
- Native:台灣
- Occupation:學生
- Attending V.S: 黃逸岳醫師
- First visit:96.08.22

# Chief complaints

• Swelling over right submandibular area for about 4 years.

## Present illness

960822

 this 15 y/o female first came to our OPD on 960822 due to swelling over R't submandibular space for about 4 years, especially after meals, then she was taken the occlusal film and sialolithiasis was impressed, then she was referred to Dr. 黃 逸岳

# Past history

• Past medical history

Denied any drug and food allergy
Denied other major systemic diseases
Hospitalization experience (-)
Major surgery under GA (-)

• Past dental history

1.Experience of regular dental tx: acceptable
2.Oral hygiene: poor

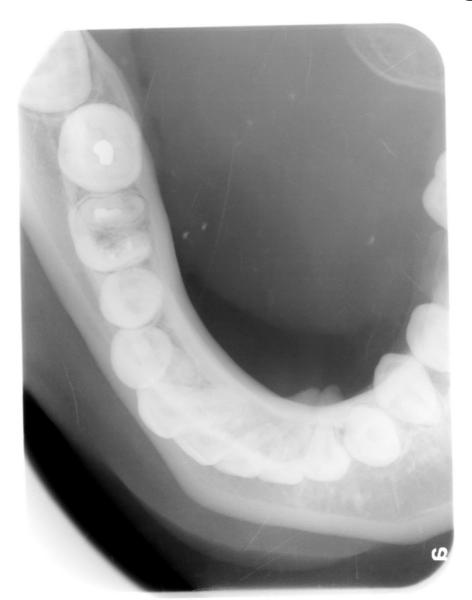
# Personal history

- Alcohol(-)
- Betel quid(-)
- Cigarette (-)

# **Oro-maxillo-facial examination**

- Size: 6 x 5 cm
- Surface: smooth
- Base: sessile
- Shape: dome shaped
- Color: unknown
- Consistency: soft
- Fluctuation: unknown
- Mobility: fixed
- Pain: (-)
- Tenderness: (-)
- Induration: (-)
- Lymphadenopathy: (-)

#### 960822 occlusal film Image finding



#### 960823 occlusal film Image finding



## 960828 panorex Image finding

#### • Residual root: 36,46

- Incomplete endodontic Tx: 46
- Metal material filling: 47

### 970724 panorex Image finding

Residual root: 36,46 Incomplete endodontic Tx: 46 Metal material filling: 47

# CT finding 20070824

- A huge low attenuation mass(3.11cm\*3.43cm\*3.68cm)is shown in the right submandibular gland.
- Some tiny calcific nodules are found inside of the mass.
- Minimal amorphous enhancement is shown in the mass of the right submandibular gland.
- neck anatomical spaces are essentially clear and preserved.
- Trachea patent without foreign body.
- The bony structure is intact.
- No regional lymph node enlargement could be identified, but some small visible lymph (<1cm)are found in the submental space.

# MRI findings20080731

- Iobulated masses involving submandibular and masticator space.
- 3.6\*2.9 cm in submandibular space and 2.8\*1.6 cm in masticator space.
- these two lesions show iso-intensity on T1weighted images and intense high signal intensity on T2-weighted images.
- several signal void nodules within these two lesions are noted,
- the adjacent soft tissue is not infiltrated, the surrounding bony structures are intact.
- above the lesion in the right mandible, the submandibular gland is displaced upward.

### **Differential Diagnosis**

• Inflammation or neoplasm ?

- Fever or Local heat : unknown
- No purulent drainage was presented
- Lymphadenopathy : (-)
- Duration : 3~4 years
- neoplasm tendency

#### • Benign or malignant neoplasm ?

- Pain: (-)
- Terderness: (-)
- Induration: (-)
- Lymphadenopathy : (-)
- Facial n. palsy: (-)
- Mobility: fixed
- Ulceration: (-)
- Duration: 3~4 years

➔ Benign tendency

#### working diagnosis

- Hamangioma
- Sialolithiasis
- Tuberculosis
- Foreign body

	Our case	Hemangioma
gender	female	female :male=3:1
Age/race	16 y/o	Young age/whites
symptom	asymptomatic	
Site	Submandibular,	head and neck
	infratemporal space	
Color	?	bright-red ;bluish
consistency	soft	firm and rubbery
size	5 cm x 5 cm	varies
surface	smooth	smooth
shape	dome-shaped	nodular or dome
duration	3~4 years	6~10 months
X-ray finding	Radiopaque mass	Radiopaque mass

	Our case	Sialolithiasis
gender	female	-
Age/race	16 y/o	Young and middle- age adult
Symptom	asymptomatic	Swelling, esp. at meal
Site	Submandibular,	Submandibular gland
	infratemporal space	
Color	?	?
consistency	soft	soft
size	5 cm x 5 cm	Varies
surface	smooth	Smooth
shape	dome-shaped	Varies
duration	3~4 years	Varies
X-ray finding	Radiopaque mass	Radiopaque mass

	Our case	Tuberculosis
gender	female	-
Age/race	16 y/o	Young and middle-age adult
Symptom	asymptomatic	Enlarge of numerous cervical lymph node
Site	Submandibular,	Lung, lymphatic system,
	infratemporal space	skin, skeletal system
Color	?	?
consistency	soft	-
size	5 cm x 5 cm	Varies
surface	smooth	-
shape	dome-shaped	Varies
duration	3~4 years	Varies
X-ray finding	Radiopaque mass	Radiopaque mass

# **Clinical impression**

 hemangioma with phleboliths over R't infratemporal space and submandibular space

### Thanks for your attention!