

## NO. 058 Dentigerous cyst

<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>➤ Cyst 必備三個要件             <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>■ cavity / lumen</li> <li>■ cystic wall ( 為 Fibrous tissue )</li> <li>■ lining epithelium</li> </ul> </li> <li>➤ Dentigerous cyst 的 lining epithelium 與 radicular cyst 相同為 nonkeratinized stratified squamous epithelium。</li> <li>➤ 與 radicular cyst 不同之處：             <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>a. Dentigerous cyst 是包在阻生牙的齒頸部然而 radicular cyst 是長在牙根尖。此點須搭配 x 光才能得知。</li> <li>b. Dentigerous cyst 是發育型的 cyst 非由 inflammation induced，因此 cystic wall 較不會有發炎，除非該病灶與口腔相通。</li> </ul> </li> </ul>	<p>標記重點：</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. Cyst 三要素：             <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>■ Cystic wall ( fibrous tissue ) (Fig. 1 green ↑)</li> <li>■ Lumen / cavity (Fig. 1 yellow ↑)</li> <li>■ Lining epithelium (Fig. 1 blue ↑)</li> </ul> </li> <li>2. Bone trabeculae (Fig. 3)</li> <li>3. Nonkeratinized stratified squamous epithelium (Fig. 2 blue ↑)</li> <li>4. 上皮厚度不一 (Fig. 1 blue ↑)</li> </ol>
---	---

Fig. 1

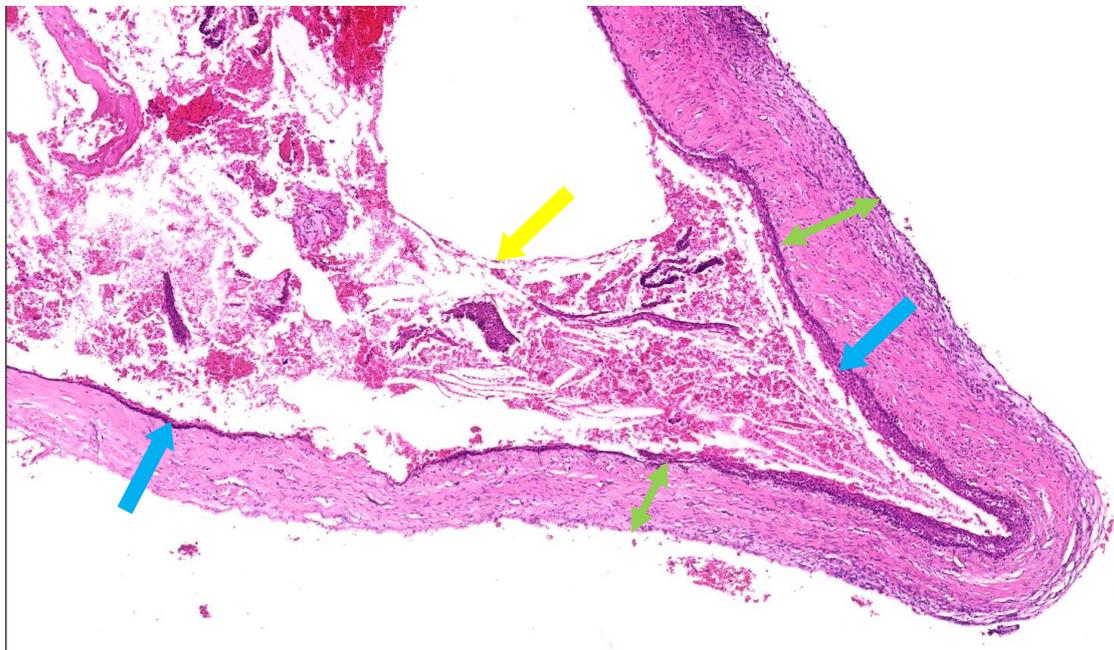


Fig. 2

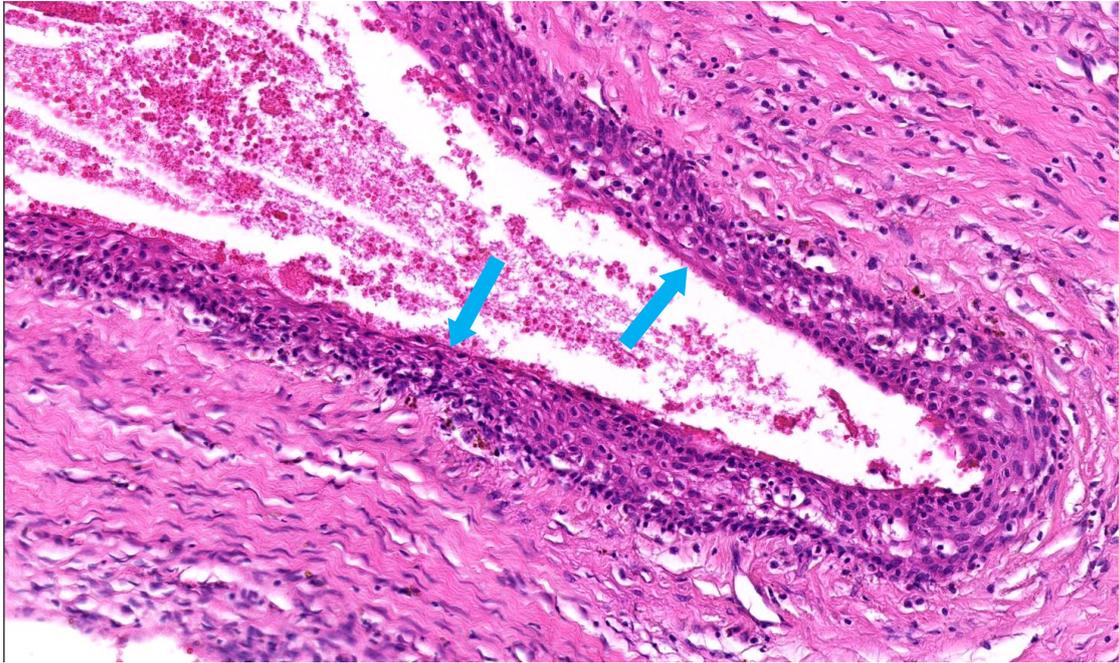


Fig. 3

